as it breaks from the parade formation and transits southbound in the Hudson River until safely berthed.

- (b) Effective period. This section is effective from 9:30 a.m. until 4 p.m. on May 24, 1995, unless extended or terminated sooner by the Captain of the Port, New York.
  - (c) Regulations.
- (1) The general regulations contained in 33 C.F.R. 165.23 apply to this safety zone.
- (2) All persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Coast Guard Captain of the Port or the designated on scene patrol personnel. U.S. Coast Guard patrol personnel include commissioned, warrant, and petty officers of the Coast Guard. Upon being hailed by a U.S. Coast Guard vessel via siren, radio, flashing light, or other means, the operator of a vessel shall proceed as directed.

Dated: April 20, 1995.

#### J. Rutkovsky,

Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port, New York Acting. [FR Doc. 95–10536 Filed 4–27–95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910–14–M

#### 33 CFR Part 165

[Docket No. CGD01-95-023]

RIN 2115-AA97

Safety Zone: USS AMERICA, Fleet Week '95, Port of New York and New Jersey

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT.

**ACTION:** Final rule.

SUMMARY: The Coast Guard is establishing a safety zone on May 24, 1995, and May 31, 1995, for the arrival and departure of the USS AMERICA for Fleet Week '95. This moving safety zone is established 500 yards fore and aft, and 200 yards on each side of the USS AMERICA as it transits the Port of New York and New Jersey between Ambrose Channel Lighted Whistle Buoy "A" and its berth at Pier 88, Manhattan, on the Hudson River.

EFFECTIVE DATE: This rule is effective on May 24, 1995, from 9:15 a.m. until 3 p.m., and on May 31, 1995, from 7:30 a.m. until 1 p.m., unless extended or terminated sooner by the Captian of the Port, New York.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Lieutenant (Junior Grade) K. Messenger, Maritime Planning Staff Chief, Coast Guard Group, New York, (212) 668–

7934.

#### SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Drafting Information: The drafters of this notice are LTJG K. Messenger, Project Manager, Coast Guard Group New York and LCDR J. Stieb, Project Attorney, First Coast Guard District, Legal Office.

# **Regulatory History**

On March 16, 1995, the Coast Guard published a notice of proposed rulemaking (NPRM) in the Federal **Register** (60 FR 14242) concerning this regulatory action. Interested persons were requested to submit comments on or before April 17, 1995. No comments were received. A public hearing was not requested and one was not held. The NPRM stated that the safety zone would be in effect while the USS AMERICA transited to and from its berth at an unknown location. This location is now known to be Pier 88, Manhattan, in the Hudson River. The Coast Guard is promulgating this final rule as proposed with the exception of this addition. Good cause exists for making this regulation effective less than 30 days after Federal Register publication. Due to the NPRM comment period deemed necessary to give the public adequate notice, there was insufficient time to publish this temporary final rule 30 days prior to the event. The delay that would be encountered to allow for a 30 day publication period would cause the cancellation of this event.

Cancellation of this event is contrary to the public interest.

## **Background and Purpose**

The Intrepid Museum Foundation is sponsoring Fleet Week '95. The USS AMERICA has been designated as the Fleet Week Flagship and will be entering the Port of New York and New Jersey on May 24, 1995, to participate in the various activities associated with this celebration. USS AMERICA intends to depart the Port of New York and New Jersey following the completion of Fleet Week on May 31, 1995. This regulation is effective during the arrival and departure of the USS AMERICA on May 24, 1995, from 9:15 a.m. until 3:00 p.m., and on May 31, 1995, from 7:30 a.m. until 1:00 p.m. unless extended or terminated sooner by the Coast Guard Captain of the Port, New York. The regulation establishes a moving safety zone within 500 yards fore and aft and 200 yards to each side of the USS AMERICA, as it transits the Port of New York and New Jersey between Ambrose Channel Lighted Whistle Buoy "A", at or near  $40^{\circ}$  28.8' N latitude,  $73^{\circ}$  53.7' W longitude, and its berth at Pier 88, Manhattan, on the Hudson River. No vessels are permitted to enter or move within this moving safety zone unless

authorized by the Captain of the Port, New York.

This regulation is needed to protect the maritime public from possible hazards to navigation associated with a large naval vessel transiting the Port of New York and New Jersey with limited maneuverability in restricted waters, and requiring a clear traffic lane in order to safely navigate to and from its berth.

# **Regulatory Evaluation**

This regulation is not a significant regulatory action under section 3(f) of Executive Order 12866 and does not require an assessment of potential costs and benefits under section 6(a)(3) of that order. It has been exempted from review by the Office of Management and Budget under that order. It is not significant under the regulatory policies and procedures of the Department of Transportation (DOT) (44 FR 11040; February 26, 1979). The Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this regulation to be so minimal that a full Regulatory Evaluation under paragraph 10(e) of the regulatory policies and procedures of DOT is unnecessary. Although there is a regular flow of traffic through this area, there is not likely to be a significant impact on recreational or commercial traffic for several reasons. Due to the moving nature of the safety zone, no single location will be affected for a prolonged period of time. This safety zone prevents vessels from approaching within 500 yards fore and aft and 200 yards on either side of the aircraft carrier USS AMERICA. These distances are less than the typical safe passage distances normally required for large vessels and aircraft carriers. Additionally, recreational traffic can transit on either side of the safety zone or on other major waterways within the port. Alternate routes are also available to commercial and recreational vessel traffic that can safely transit the Harlem and East Rivers, Kill Van Kull, Arthur Kill, and Buttermilk Channel. Similar safety zones have been established for large naval vessels with minimal or no disruption to vessel traffic or other interests in the port. In addition, extensive, advance advisories will be made to the maritime community so that they can adjust their plans accordingly. For all the above reasons, the Coast Guard expects the economic impact of this regulation to be so minimal that a Regulatory Evaluation is unnecessary.

# **Small Entities**

Under the Regulatory Flexibility Act (5 U.S.C. 601 et seq.), the Coast Guard must consider whether this regulation

will have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities. "Small entities" include independently owned and operated small businesses that are not dominant in their field and that otherwise qualify as "small business concerns" under section 3 of the Small Business Act (15 U.S.C. 632).

For reasons given in the Regulatory Evaluation, the Coast Guard expects the impact of this regulation to be minimal. The Coast Guard certifies under 5 U.S.C. 605(b) that this regulation will not have a significant economic impact on a substantial number of small entities.

# **Collection of Information**

This regulation contains no collection of information requirements under the Paperwork Reduction Act (44 U.S.C. 3501).

# **Federalism**

The Coast Guard has analyzed this action in accordance with the principles and criteria contained in Executive Order 12612 and has determined that this regulation does not raise sufficient federalism implications to warrant the preparation of a Federalism Assessment.

#### Environment

The Coast Guard has considered the environmental impact of this regulation and concluded that under section 2.B.2.e. of Commandant Instruction M16475.1B, revised 59 FR 38654, July 29, 1994, the promulgation of this regulation is categorically excluded from further environmental documentation. A Categorical Exclusion Determination and Environmental Analysis Checklist are included in the docket. An appropriate environmental analysis of the transit under the National Environmental Policy Act will be conducted in conjunction with the marine event permitting process.

#### List of Subjects in 33 CFR Part 165

Harbors, Marine safety, Navigation (water), Reporting and recordkeeping requirements, Security measures, Vessels, Waterways.

#### Final Regulation

For reasons set out in the preamble, the Coast Guard amends 33 CFR part 165 as follows:

# PART 165—[AMENDED]

1. The authority citation for Part 165 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 33 U.S.C. 1231: 50 U.S.C. 191: 33 CFR 1.05–1(g), 6.04–1, 6.04–6, and 160.5; 49 CFR 1.46.

2. A temporary § 165.T01-023 is added to read as follows:

# §165.T01-023 Safety Zone; USS AMERICA, Fleet Week '95, Port of New York and New Jersey.

- (a) Location. This moving safety zone includes all waters within 500 yards fore and aft and 200 yards to each side of the USS AMERICA, as it transits the Port of New York and New Jersey between Ambrose Channel Lighted Whistle Buoy "A", at or near 40°28.8' N latitude, 73°53.7' W longitude, and its berth at Pier 88, Manhattan, on the Hudson River.
- (b) Effective period. This section is effective on May 24, 1995, from 9:15 a.m. until 3 p.m., and on May 31, 1995, from 7:30 a.m. until 1 p.m., unless extended or terminated sooner by the Captain of the Port, New York.

(c) Regulations. (1) The general regulations contained in 33 CFR 165.23 apply to this safety zone.

(2) All persons and vessels shall comply with the instructions of the Coast Guard Captain of the Port or the designated on scene patrol personnel. U.S. Coast Guard patrol personnel include commissioned, warrant, and petty officers of the Coast Guard. Upon being hailed by a U.S. Coast Guard vessel via siren, radio, flashing light, or other means, the operator of a vessel shall proceed as directed.

Dated: April 20, 1995.

# J. Rutkovsky,

Commander, U.S. Coast Guard, Captain of the Port, New York, Acting. [FR Doc. 95-10535 Filed 4-27-95; 8:45 am] BILLING CODE 4910-14-M

# 33 CFR Part 165

[CGD13-95-014]

Safety Zone Regulations; Cinco De Mayo Fireworks Display, Willamette River, Portland OR

AGENCY: Coast Guard, DOT. **ACTION:** Temporary final rule.

**SUMMARY:** The Coast Guard is establishing a safety zone for the Cinco De Mayo Fireworks Display which is scheduled to be held in Portland, Oregon, on May 5, 1995. The safety zone will be located on the Willamette River between the Morrison and Hawthorne Bridges from river mile 12.8 to river mile 13.1. This safety zone is needed to protect persons, facilities, and vessels from safety hazards associated with a fireworks display. Entry into this safety zone is prohibited unless authorized by the Captain of the Port.

**EFFECTIVE DATES:** This regulation becomes effective on May 5, 1995, at 8:30 p.m (PDT) and terminates on May

5, 1995, at 11:30 p.m. (PDT), unless sooner terminated by the Captain of the Port. If the fireworks display is not held on May 5, 1995, because of inclement weather or otherwise, this regulation will become effective on May 6, 1995, at 8:30 p.m. (PDT) and will terminate on May 6, 1995, at 11:30 p.m. (PDT), unless sooner terminated by the Captain of the Port.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: LTJG C. A. Roskam, c/o Captain of the Port Portland, 6767 N. Basin Ave, Portland, Oregon 97217-3992, (503) 240-9338.

# SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

# **Regulatory History**

Pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 553, a notice of proposed rulemaking was not published for this regulation and good cause exists for making it effective less than 30 days after Federal Register publication. Publishing a NPRM and delaying its effective date would be contrary to the public interest since immediate action is necessary to ensure the safety of structures and vessels operating in the area of the fireworks display. Due to the complex planning and coordination involved, the event sponsor, Amusement Consulting, Inc., was unable to provide the Coast Guard with notice of the final details until 30 days prior to the date of the event. Therefore, sufficient time was not available to publish the proposed rule in advance of the event or to provide a delayed effective date. Following normal rulemaking procedures in this case would be impracticable.

Drafting Information: The principal persons involved in drafting this document are LTJG C. A. Roskam, project officer for the Captain of the Port of Portland, OR, and LCDR J.C. Odell, project counsel, Thirteenth Coast Guard District Legal Office.

# **Background and Purpose**

The event requiring this regulation is a fireworks display sponsored by Amusement Consulting, Inc., as part of the Cinco De Mayo celebration in the Portland, Oregon, area. The fireworks display is scheduled to begin on May 5, 1995, at 9:30 p.m. (PDT). If the fireworks display cannot be held on May 5 1995, because of inclement weather or otherwise, it will be rescheduled for May 6, 1995, at 9:30 p.m. (PDT).

During the fireworks display, spectator vessels may attempt to approach the fireworks launching barge at close range. If allowed to do so, these vessels and the persons onboard them will be exposed to potential damage, fire, and personal injury due to sparks, falling debris, and unexploded

fireworks.